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## Explosive Ordnance Disposal (EOD) Organization and Planning

This publication is intended to provide the basis for national EOD organization and planning.

Content:

- Explosive Ordnance threat – review of munition
  - EOD operational capability requirement – interoperability, Command and Control, operate in contaminated environment, interchange of information, inspect and evaluate EOD units, report EOD incidents,
  - EOD method of training
  - EOD equipment and procedures
  - Minimum standards of particular proficiencies
- 

## Explosive Ordnance Disposal (EOD) Principles

This publication is to define principles for structuring and conducting multinational Explosive ordnance disposal operations both across the spectrum of operations and for any size multinational force. The ATP-72 establishes EOD force command and control principles, concepts, procedures, and responsibilities from the highest level multinational HQ through intermediate multinational HQ to national EOD force single points of contact. Finally, the ATP details overarching safety principles for both multinational and national EOD operations.

Content:

- Command and control organization and structures – principles, general EOD coordination, control concepts and structures, EOD categories and prioritization of EOD effort
  - Capabilities and task areas of multinational EOD – EOD capabilities, EOD task areas, explosive ordnance reconnaissance and clearance, improvised explosive device disposal, disposal of chemical, biological, radiological and nuclear EO, support missions, military search, stockpile disposal, training of military and civilian personnel
  - Reporting and tasking principles / information management and reporting system – information flow management, principles of the NATO EOD message and reporting system, EOD messages, EOD technical intelligence information exchange, national tasking and reporting
  - General and specific safety principles and considerations – communication, protective measures, support measures, threat analysis, specific safety considerations
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## Explosive Ordnance Disposal (EOD) Roles, Responsibilities, Capabilities and Incident Procedures

This publication is intended to provide the foundation for EOD roles, responsibilities, capabilities and incident procedures to be adopted for control of an Explosive Ordnance Disposal incident by non EOD trained agencies/personnel.

Content:

- Guidelines for the management of an EOD incident initiation – initiation, immediate action, pre-EOD activities, EOR/EOD action, after action
- Functions of EOD staffs – duties of the staff EOD officer, functions of EOD control, functions of EOD units
- EOD incident guide for formation staff officers
- EOD incident guide for a unit
- Sample of Standing Operating Procedures for EOD

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This publication is to provide details of the identification and disposal of any explosive ordnance, whatever the nationality of its origin.

Content:

- General information
- Bombs and fuzes of NATO nations
- Bombs and fuzes of Warsaw pact and other non-NATO nations
- Artillery and mortar projectiles of NATO nations
- Explosive hazards installed in aircraft
- Identification of landmines and booby-traps

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This publication is intended as an operational guide for Staff Officers. It is to provide guidance and a common framework as to the planning and conduct of IEDD operations. The Aim of this STANAG is to highlight considerations and provide inter-service guidance for the planning and conduct of Improvised Explosive Device Disposal (IEDD) on multi-national operations.

Content:

- Context and environment – threat, operating environment, support of the host nation, host nation security services, commanders' intent, friendly forces
- Theatre planning considerations – configurations of IEDD response, delivering IEDD, IEDD support, post incident analysis,
- Procedural considerations – suspect IED reporting, categorisation and prioritisation for IEDD, incident control/IEDD supervision, safety distances, evaluation/threat assessment, IEDD execution, post incident procedures
- Technical considerations – categories of IED, IED construction, reducing an IED hazard, EOD options, technical exploitation and forensics

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This publication is intended as a tactical guide for the benefit of operators and their chain of command. Every Improvised Explosive Device (IED) incident is unique and it is therefore not possible to lay down hard and fast rules, however guiding principles do apply. The principles outlined in this Chapter have been formulated as the result of lessons learned by many nations in theatres of operations around the world and can be applied to any IED situation.

Content:

- IED – definition, construction
- IEDD – render safe procedure, categorisation and prioritisation, safety, philosophy, operator knowledge, principles, mandatory actions, exemptions/dispensing with mandatory actions,
- IEDD task procedures – establishment of an incident control point (ICP), IEDD team routes to ICP, arrival at the ICP, establishing the EOD control point,
- Incident management – evacuation, safety, distances, reducing cordon distances, considerations for defeating indirect fire weapons
- Supporting activities – witness questioning, IED observations, forensic material, IEDD estimate and plan
- EOD action – implementing the RSP, after each positive action, continual evaluation, confirming clearance, post RSP

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This publication is to provide a manual for NATO forces concerned with explosives ordnance disposal on fixed installations.

Content:

- EOD operations – clearance of various types of munition
- Preparatory planning – EOD planning, local installation recovery instructions, equipment with secondary EOD role, training
- C3 – responsibilities, CBRN, EOD, EOR, MILSEARCH teams
- Reporting procedures

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The purpose of this publication is to establish a common understanding and framework for Electronic Warfare (EW) support to Explosive Ordnance Disposal (EOD) on multi-national operations.

Content:

- EW support to EOD
- RCIED threat, definitions, Force Protection ECM and EOD ECM

- Factors and considerations - ECM techniques, EOD EW activities – configuration of EW capability, exploitation, trials and testing
- Execution of EW support to EOD

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## **STANAG 2609/AEODP-8**

### **Interservice chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear EOD operations on multinational deployments**

This publication is to define principles for structuring and conducting multinational Chemical, Biological, Radiological and Nuclear (CBRN) Explosive Ordnance Disposal (EOD) operations across the spectrum of multi-national operations and for any size force. This document provides information on command and control (C2) principles, concepts, procedures, responsibilities and safety principles in addition to those set out in ATP 72. In this document “EOD team” refers to a team of EOD operators with CBRN capability.

Content:

- Command and Control (C2) Organization and structures – principles, allocation of responsibilities, general structures, threat analysis, planning, tasking, coordination and prioritization, responsibilities and general relationships on site
- capabilities and task areas for multinational CBRN EOD - multinational operations spectrum, CBRN EOD task spectrum, support missions
- information management and reporting system
- safety principles and considerations - general safety principles and considerations, support measures, transportation and temporary storage, disposal

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## **STANAG 2834/AEODP-9**

### **The operation of the EOD technical information centre (EODTIC)**

This publication is to establish the method of operation during peace war of the Explosive Ordnance Disposal technical information centre (EODTIC). The publication is to provide framework for terms of reference, essential principles of work, the exchange of EOD information and specifies responsibilities of the EODTIC.

The EODTIC is facility is operated for the mutual benefit of those NATO countries contributing to its support and is hosted by GBR, Bicester.

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## **STANAG 2186/AEODP-12**

### **EOD information security standards**

This publication is to standardize the safeguarding of information on EODD procedures and their classification within the Alliance.

Content:

- general security guidelines

- EOD classification guidelines – performance data and technical characteristics, operational and tactical, hardware

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## **STANAG 2221/AEODP-6**

### **Explosive ordnance disposal reports and messages**

This publication forms the foundation for a standardized EOD message and reporting system. This system facilitates the tasking and reporting that are the backbone of information exchange between – forces requiring EOD support, EOD staffs and EOD units.

Content:

- General information – principles, instructions, users, EOD message information fields, set designations, information gathering
- Structure and examples of: messages
  - EO INCIDENT REPORT
  - EO TASK ORDER
  - INCIDENT RESPONSE AND EXPLOITATION REPORT
  - EO TECHNICAL EXPLOITATION REPORT

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## **STANAG 2897/AEODP-7**

### **EOD equipment requirements and equipment**

This publication is to provide manual for EOD equipment, armament, outfit and requirements. This document provides list of EOD capabilities and national EOD POC of member countries.

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## **STANAG 2628/AJP-3.18**

### **Joint allied doctrine for EOD support to operations**

This publication is intended to guide operational commanders and staff. It is to provide Allied joint commanders and staffs with guidance for the assignment of EOD field elements as an operational enabler contributing to freedom of action, force protection (FP) and intelligence requirements, describes the placement of EOD in the joint engineering staff organization at operational and strategic level and provides staff planning, responsibilities, capabilities, and requirements in support of EOD across the full spectrum of conflicts.

Content:

- EOD in the operational environment - EO Threat, EOD Principals
- Fundamentals of EOD - EOD capabilities, Safety considerations
- Allied joint EOD Command and Control - C2 structure, Planning, tasking, reporting
- EOD support to the conduct of Allied Joint Operations - Support to operations, EOD linkages
- Lexicon of EOD Terms

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## **STANAG 2143/AEODP-10**

### **EOD principles and minimum standards of proficiency**

This publication is intended to provide the basis for national EOD organization and planning.

Content:

- Explosive Ordnance threat – review of munition
- EOD operational capability requirement – interoperability, Command and Control, operate in contaminated environment, interchange of information, inspect and evaluate EOD units, report EOD incidents,
- EOD method of training
- EOD equipment and procedures
- Minimum standards of particular proficiencies

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## **STANAG 2282/ATP-3.18.1)**

### **Interservice EOD operations on multinational deployments**

This publication is to define principles for structuring and conducting multinational Explosive ordnance disposal operations both across the spectrum of operations and for any size multinational force. The ATP-72 establishes EOD force command and control principles, concepts, procedures, and responsibilities from the highest level multinational HQ through intermediate multinational HQ to national EOD force single points of contact. Finally, the ATP details overarching safety principles for both multinational and national EOD operations.

Content:

- Command and control organization and structures – principles, general EOD coordination, control concepts and structures, EOD categories and prioritization of EOD effort
- Capabilities and task areas of multinational EOD – EOD capabilities, EOD task areas, explosive ordnance reconnaissance and clearance, improvised explosive device disposal, disposal of chemical, biological, radiological and nuclear EO, support missions, military search, stockpile disposal, training of military and civilian personnel
- Reporting and tasking principles / information management and reporting system – information flow management, principles of the NATO EOD message and reporting system, EOD messages, EOD technical intelligence information exchange, national tasking and reporting
- General and specific safety principles and considerations – communication, protective measures, support measures, threat analysis, specific safety considerations

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## **STANAG 2377/AEODP-13**

### **EOD roles, responsibilities, capabilities and incident procedures when operating with non EOD trained agencies and personnel**

This publication is intended to provide the foundation for EOD roles, responsibilities, capabilities and incident procedures to be adopted for control of an Explosive Ordnance Disposal incident by non EOD trained agencies/personnel.

Content:

- Guidelines for the management of an EOD incident initiation – initiation, immediate action, pre-EOD activities, EOR/EOD action, after action
- Functions of EOD staffs – duties of the staff EOD officer, functions of EOD control, functions of EOD units
- EOD incident guide for formation staff officers
- EOD incident guide for a unit
- Sample of Standing Operating Procedures for EOD

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## **STANAG 2369/AEODP-14 (restricted)**

### **The NATO EOD publications set (NEPS) - Identification and disposal of surface, air and underwater munitions**

This publication is to provide details of the identification and disposal of any explosive ordnance, whatever the nationality of its origin.

Content:

- General information
- Bombs and fuzes of NATO nations
- Bombs and fuzes of Warsaw pact and other non-NATO nations
- Artillery and mortar projectiles of NATO nations
- Explosive hazards installed in aircraft
- Identification of landmines and booby-traps

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## **STANAG 2370/AEODP-3**

### **Interservice improvised explosive device disposal operations on multinational deployments – a guide for staff officers / VOL I**

This publication is intended as an operational guide for Staff Officers. It is to provide guidance and a common framework as to the planning and conduct of IEDD operations. The Aim of this STANAG is to highlight considerations and provide inter-service guidance for the planning and conduct of Improvised Explosive Device Disposal (IEDD) on multi-national operations.

Content:

- Context and environment – threat, operating environment, support of the host nation, host nation security services, commanders' intent, friendly forces
- Theatre planning considerations – configurations of IEDD response, delivering IEDD, IEDD support, post incident analysis,
- Procedural considerations – suspect IED reporting, categorisation and prioritisation for IEDD, incident control/IEDD supervision, safety distances, evaluation/threat assessment, IEDD execution, post incident procedures
- Technical considerations – categories of IED, IED construction, reducing an IED hazard, EOD options, technical exploitation and forensics

### **Interservice improvised explosive device disposal operations on multinational deployments – a guide for operators / VOL II**



This publication is intended as a tactical guide for the benefit of operators and their chain of command. Every Improvised Explosive Device (IED) incident is unique and it is therefore not possible to lay down hard and fast rules, however guiding principles do apply. The principles outlined in this Chapter have been formulated as the result of lessons learned by many nations in theatres of operations around the world and can be applied to any IED situation.

Content:

- IED – definition, construction
- IEDD – render safe procedure, categorisation and prioritisation, safety, philosophy, operator knowledge, principles, mandatory actions, exemptions/dispensing with mandatory actions,
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- Supporting activities – witness questioning, IED observations, forensic material, IEDD estimate and plan
- EOD action – implementing the RSP, after each positive action, continual evaluation, confirming clearance, post RSP

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## **STANAG 2391/AEODP-5**

### **EOD recovery operations on fixed installations**

This publication is to provide a manual for NATO forces concerned with explosives ordnance disposal on fixed installations.

Content:

- EOD operations – clearance of various types of munition
- Preparatory planning – EOD planning, local installation recovery instructions, equipment with secondary EOD role, training
- C3 – responsibilities, CBRN, EOD, EOR, MILSEARCH teams
- Reporting procedures

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## **STANAG 2607/AEODP-11**

### **Interservice Electronic Warfare support to EOD on multinational deployments - Volume 2**

The purpose of this publication is to establish a common understanding and framework for Electronic Warfare (EW) support to Explosive Ordnance Disposal (EOD) on multi-national operations.

Content:

- EW support to EOD
- RCIED threat, definitions, Force Protection ECM and EOD ECM

- Factors and considerations - ECM techniques, EOD EW activities – configuration of EW capability, exploitation, trials and testing
- Execution of EW support to EOD

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## **STANAG 2609/AEODP-8**

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- information management and reporting system
- safety principles and considerations - general safety principles and considerations, support measures, transportation and temporary storage, disposal

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## **STANAG 2834/AEODP-9**

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- EOD classification guidelines – performance data and technical characteristics, operational and tactical, hardware

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This publication forms the foundation for a standardized EOD message and reporting system. This system facilitates the tasking and reporting that are the backbone of information exchange between – forces requiring EOD support, EOD staffs and EOD units.

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